# SPOTLIGHT ON INFANT FEEDING **CARE IN ENGLAND**

We asked health professionals about how changes to services were affecting their ability to implement the Baby Friendly standards. This is what **111 infant feeding leads across England** told us.



# The results explained

All the Baby Friendly standards need to be implemented in order for families to receive effective care - but the results show significant variation between standards, across maternity, community and neonatal services, and across different regions. The findings highlight the need for leadership at a national level to ensure consistency of care for all women.

• Where the standards are **new**, they are **prioritised by Trusts**, making them **easier** to implement e.g. neonatal standards and specialist services.

Where the standards are already a part of normal care, they are easier to continue e.g. skin-to-skin.

Where the standards take **extra time** they are deprioritised due to a **lack of resources**, making them **harder** to implement e.g. antenatal conversations.

Where there is a lack of resources and staff time, as well as complex health needs, the standards are harder to implement even in a Baby Friendly accredited service.

# **Conversations in the antenatal period**

67%

69%

Harder

27%

### Harder in maternity

and **community** services because of:

Less staff time

Fewer resources

**Easier** in **neonatal** services thanks to:

- Better staff training
- Greater prioritisation by trust
- More specialist neonatal roles

"Health visiting staff are expected to have an antenatal contact with all mums to be; however the increased workload due to staff leaving the service means that these visits are not being arranged or completed."

9%

10%

Easier

36%

"Shorter stays in hospital, midwives too busy to support

breastfeeding support role in

breastfeeding, minimal

hospital."

## Skin-to-skin after birth

Easier in maternity and neonata services thanks to:	Harder	<b>Eas</b>	sier 59%
<ul> <li>Better staff training</li> <li>Greater prioritisation by Trust (m</li> </ul>	aternity)	11%	44%
<ul> <li>More specialist neonatal roles</li> </ul>	iaternity)		
Suppor	t to start breastfeed	ling	
Harder in maternity	Harder	Eas	sier
services because of:	55% 22%	<mark>7%</mark>	44%
Less staff time			44/0

### Support to express within two hours of birth on neonatal unit

Split view:	Harder	Easier
Harder because of:	36%	36%
Less staff time		

Easier because of:

Fewer resources

More resources

Better staff training

Easier in neonatal services thanks to:

More specialist neonatal roles

Better staff training

### **Close and loving relationships**

Split view:	Harder	Easier
Harder because of:	32%	30%
Halder because of.	28%	30%
Less staff time	22%	33%
Easier because of:		
Better staff training		
Greater prioritisation by Trust		
More specialist neonatal roles		
More resources on neonatal units		
Easter date by	and the alternative second	

#### Early days breastfeeding support

Harder in maternity	Harder	Easier
services because of:	45%	21%
Less staff time	10%	21%

# Support for formula feeding

Split view:	Harder	Easier
Harder because of:	29%	26%
Less staff time	26%	28%
	22%	33%
Easier because of:		
Better staff training		

# Support for challenges with feeding

Split view:	Harder	Easier
Harder because of:	<mark>33%</mark> 42%	<u>31%</u> 27%
<ul><li>Less specialist staff time</li><li>Fewer specialist staff roles</li></ul>		
Easier because of:		
<ul><li>More specialist staff time</li><li>More specialist staff roles</li></ul>		

### Support to sustain breastfeeding

### Harder in maternity and

**community** services because of:

Less funding for community services

Fewer local support services



"The funding for peer support has been drastically cut and we are just about keeping it going by taking on more work for coordinating over and above our general maternity work."

# FIND OUT MORE: UNICEF.UK/BFICALLTOACTION